-1-	Independent Auditor's Report
-3-	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
-4-	Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus
-5-	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
-6-	Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets
-7-	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
-19-	Schedule 1 - Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets
-20-	Schedule 2 - Consolidated Schedule of Segmented Information

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Corporation of the City of St. Thomas (the "City"), which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2021, and Consolidated Statements of Operations and Accumulated Surplus, Cash Flows and Change in Net Financial Assets for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Corporation of the City of St. Thomas as at December 31, 2021 and its financial performance and its cash flows and change in net assets for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

# **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the City in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the City's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the City or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the City's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the City's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the City to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

November 7, 2022 London, Canada

LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Scringeous & Company

# CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021	2020
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and short-term investments (note 1.j)	\$ 73,178,954	\$ 67,466,128
Taxes receivable	382,249	2,431,336
Accounts receivable	12,628,826	12,550,176
Land held for resale	3,556,058	3,556,058
Investment in Entegrus Inc. (note 11)	33,333,787	32,659,826
	123,079,874	118,663,524
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	24,859,880	18,726,967
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (note 7)	31,034,364	32,708,241
Employee benefits payable (note 6)	16,739,454	14,924,987
Net long-term liabilities (note 8.a)	38,790,668	41,611,953
	111,424,366	107,972,148
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	11,655,508	10,691,376
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS (NOTE 1.G)		
Tangible capital assets - Schedule 1	439,552,855	418,881,241
Capital work in progress	5,434,655	2,530,384
Inventories	659,459	657,378
Prepaid expenditures	1,426,845	1,506,888
	447,073,814	423,575,891
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (NOTE 9)	\$ 458,729,322	\$ 434,267,267

# CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget 2021	Actual 2021	Actual 2020
REVENUE			
Taxation revenue User charges Government grants Investment income Penalty and interest on taxes Other revenue	32,500,359 49,047,631 1,479,000 460,000 2,500	\$ 57,916,310 33,357,511 55,688,058 1,564,140 389,280 135,460	\$ 57,713,432 30,960,447 49,228,096 1,124,410 492,390 119,806
	142,952,189	149,050,759	139,638,581
EXPENDITURES			
General government Protection to persons and property Transportation services Environmental services Health services Social and family services Social housing Recreation and cultural development Planning and development	7,799,487 26,434,267 8,630,038 16,879,815 3,839,963 41,932,852 13,206,483 7,921,980 1,883,229	10,169,155 28,359,083 13,502,507 23,042,488 9,443,676 39,741,140 14,397,247 10,295,712 2,132,183	9,187,340 27,217,908 12,678,012 22,625,156 6,611,559 38,648,075 11,193,661 9,642,520 2,291,530
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUE) BEFORE OTHER	14,424,075	(2,032,432)	(457,180)
OTHER REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)			
Gain (loss) on sale of tangible capital assets Government transfers related to capital Government business enterprise (note 10) Increase (decrease) in EAPWSS (note 1.c) Developer and other contributions related to capital	- - - -	2,072,503 9,614,409 673,961 753,337 13,380,277	19,231 2,292,010 (358,160) 1,610,867 9,722,312
	-	26,494,487	13,286,260
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	14,424,075	24,462,055	12,829,080
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	434,267,267	434,267,267	421,438,187
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR \$	448,691,342	\$ 458,729,322	\$ 434,267,267

# CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021	2020
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES:		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of revenue over expenditures (page 4) Non-cash changes to operations	\$ 24,462,055	\$ 12,829,080
Amortization	15,933,028	15,530,622
Net change in working capital other than cash (A)	8,243,940	11,063,898
	48,639,023	39,423,600
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(37,177,126)	(23,989,386)
Decrease (increase) in capital work in progress	(2,904,271)	(514,147)
Net change on disposal of tangible capital assets	572,484	7,969,004
Net change in other non-financial assets	77,962	(162,978)
Net change in investment in Entegrus Inc.	(673,961)	358,160
	(40,104,912)	(16,339,347)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds (repayments) in long-term debt and bank loan	(2,821,285)	5,832,279
	(2,821,285)	5,832,279
Net change in cash and cash during the year	5,712,826	28,916,532
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	67,466,128	38,549,596
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 73,178,954	\$ 67,466,128

<sup>(</sup>A) Net change in working capital other than cash includes the net change in taxes receivable, accounts receivable, land held for resale, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, other current liabilities and deferred revenue.

# CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021	2020
Excess of revenue over expenditures (page 4)	\$ 24,462,055	\$ 12,829,080
Amortization of tangible capital assets	15,933,028	15,530,622
Investment in capital works in progress	(2,904,271)	(514,147)
Change in inventory	572,484	7,969,004
Change in prepaid supplies	77,962	(162,978)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(37,177,126)	(23,989,386)
Increase in net financial assets	964,132	11,662,195
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (LIABILITIES), BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,691,376	(970,819)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 11,655,508	\$ 10,691,376

The Corporation of the City of St. Thomas (the City) is a single-tier municipality in the Province of Ontario, Canada. It conducts its operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and related legislation.

# 1. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for municipalities as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the CPA Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the City and changes thereto. The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Net financial assets represents the financial position of the City and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the City's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the City are as follows:

# a. Reporting entity

These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditures and accumulated surplus and changes in investment in tangible capital assets of the City.

#### b. Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue, expenditures and accumulated surplus of all committees of Council and the following boards, municipal enterprises and utilities which are under the control of Council:

- St. Thomas Public Library Board
- St. Thomas Economic Development Corporation
- St. Thomas Downtown Development Board
- Elgin Area Secondary Water Board

All interfund assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditures have been eliminated.

# 1. Significant accounting policies continued

#### c. Proportionately consolidated entities

The City reports its share of assets, liabilities and resulting operations of any government partnerships in which it participates. The Oxford Elgin St. Thomas Health Unit (OESTHU), Elgin Area Primary Water Supply System (EAPWSS) and Entegrus Inc. have been consolidated on a proportionate basis.

In May 2018, Elgin St. Thomas Public Health and Oxford County Public Health, merged to form OESTHU. The City participates in the OESTHU to the extent of 19.47% (2020 - 19.47%) based on population.

EAPWSS is proportionately consolidated based upon the water flow used by the City in proportion to the entire flows as provided by the System. This amounts to 30.22% (2020 - 29.16%). The increase in the percentage of consolidation has been reflected on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

During 2018, the City acquired 20.57% of the common shares of Entegrus Inc. As a government business enterprise of the City, it is accounted for on a Modified Equity basis in these consolidated financial statements. Entegrus Inc. prepares their financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### d. Non-consolidated entities

There are no non-consolidated entities.

#### e. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Government grants and transfers are recognized in the consolidated financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

#### f. Trust funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the City are not consolidated, but are reported separately on the Trust Funds Statements of Operations and Financial Position.

# 1. Significant accounting policies continued

#### g. Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenditures, provides the Consolidated Change in Financial Assets for the year.

#### i. Tangible capital assets

The City's non-financial assets consist of tangible capital assets. Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land Improvements	10 to 50 years
Buildings and components	40 years
Vehicles	8 to 20 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
Roads and paved areas	20 to 40 years
Bridges and other structures	30 to 75 years
Plants and facilities	20 to 75 years
Underground and other networks	30 to 75 years

Amortization is charged at half the annual rate in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Amortization is not taken on work in progress until the asset is available for productive use. The City has a capitalization threshold of \$25,000 to \$50,000 depending on the nature of the asset. so that individual assets of lesser value are expensed unless they are pooled because collectively they have a significant value.

#### ii. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expense as incurred.

#### iii. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost.

# iv. Contributions to tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt. The fair value is also recorded as contributed revenue.

# 1. Significant accounting policies continued

#### h. Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### i. Financial instruments

Financial instruments of the City consist mainly of cash, accounts receivable and taxes receivable. The carrying values of these financial assets approximate their fair values unless otherwise disclosed.

# j. Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents include short-term investments with a term to maturity of less than one year or less at acquisition.

#### k. Short-term investments

Portfolio investments are recorded at cost, unless there has been a decline in the market value, which is other than temporary in nature, in which case the investments are written down to market value. At December 31, 2021, the market value approximates cost.

#### l. Land held for resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for land acquisition and improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing.

#### m. Deferred revenue

Government transfers, grants, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs, in the completion of specific work or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenditures are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

# n. Employee benefit plans

The costs of retirement benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on services and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees and salary escalation.

# 1. Significant accounting policies continued

# o. Budget figures

The City's Council completes separate budget reviews for its operating and capital budgets each year. The approved operating budget for 2021 is reflected on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus. For capital spending, budgets are set for individual projects and funding for these activities is determined annually and made by transfers from the accumulated surplus and by application of applicable grants and other funds available to apply to capital projects. The budget is unaudited.

#### 2. Trust funds

Trust funds administered by the City amounting to \$48,840 (2020 - \$43,480) have not been included in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. Tax revenue

Property tax billings are prepared by the City based on an assessment roll prepared by the Ontario Property Assessment Corporation. All assessed property values in the City were reviewed and new values established based on a common valuation date which was used by the City in computing the 2021 property tax bills. Property tax revenue and tax receivables are subject to appeals which may not have been heard yet. Any supplementary billing adjustments made necessary by the determination of such appeals will be recognized in the fiscal year they are determined and the effect shared with the appropriate school boards.

#### 4. Operations of School Boards

The City is required to bill, collect and remit taxation revenue on behalf of the School Boards pursuant to provincial legislation. The City has no jurisdiction or control over the operations of these entities or the setting of their tax rates. Therefore, the taxation, other revenue, expenditures, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the School Boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 5. Pension agreements

The City makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of services and rates of pay.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2021 was \$3,947,766 (2020 - \$3,819,415) for current service and is included as an expenditure on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

The City has no obligation, as of December 31, 2021, under the past service provisions. The OMERS funding ratio for 2021 is 97.0% (2020 - 97.0%), with the goal of being fully funded by 2025.

# 6. Employee benefits payable

The City provides certain employee benefits which have been funded as noted below:

	2021	2020
Workplace Safety and Insurance Board	\$ 5,476,777	\$ 4,865,942
Vested sick leave benefits	1,736,444	1,675,385
Post retirement benefits	9,526,233	8,383,660
	\$ 16,739,454	\$ 14,924,987

# i. Workplace Safety and Insurance Board

The City is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act. As a Schedule 2 employer, the City assumes liability for any awards made under the Act. A comprehensive actuarial valuation of the future liability for WSIB benefits was conducted in 2019, which covers the period from December 31, 2020 to December 31, 2022. WSIB administration and physician fees are set at 28%.

Significant assumptions are as follows:

- General inflation 1.75%
- Discount rate 3.50%
- Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) 11.31 years

#### ii. Vested sick leave benefits

The City has a sick leave benefit plan which allows certain employees to accumulate unused sick leave. The employees may be entitled to a cash payment when the leave the City's employment. The liability reflects these accumulated days, to the extent that they have vested and could be taken in cash by an employee on termination, death or retirement.

# 6. Employee benefits payable continued

#### iii. Post retirement benefits

Employee post-retirement benefits represents the City's share of the cost to provide employees with extended benefits on retirement to eligible employees and retirees. This liability will require funding in future periods. The accrued benefit obligation and the net periodic benefit cost were determined by an actuarial valuation completed subsequent to year end with new valuations for 2021 to 2024 in accordance with the financial reporting guideline of PSAB 3250 established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the CPA Canada.

Significant assumptions are as follows:

- General inflation 1.75%
- Discount rate 3.250%
- Rate of compensation increase 2.75%
- Healthcare cost increase 5.42 to 6.42%
- Dental cost increase 3.75%

# 7. Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds

A requirement of the public sector accounting standards is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as provincial legislation restricts how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may possibly be refunded. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the City are summarized as follows:

	2021	2020
Building department	\$ 2,381,320	\$ 1,897,940
Development charges	7,597,107	11,251,628
Federal gas tax	4,311,180	2,777,781
Provincial gas tax	1,097,746	942,081
Recreational land	136,486	79,818
Safe restart	1,050,036	811,652
Other deferred revenue	14,460,489	14,947,341
	\$ 31,034,364	\$ 32,708,241

# 8. Long-term liabilities

# a. Composition of long-term liabilities

The balance of long-term liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is made up of the following:

		2021	2020	
Total long-term liabilities incurred by the City at various rates of in ranging from 2.89% to 4.76%, with maturity date ranging from 2026 to 2050	nte	rest 35,040,332	\$ 37,240,373	
Long-term liabilities assumed through consolidation of OESTHU, interest at 2.85% fixed through swap transaction, plus a stamping fee 0.40% for a total of 3.25% maturing in 2044		1,441,169	1,485,172	
Long-term liabilities assumed through consolidation of EAPWSS at various rates ranging from 1.7% to 3.20%, with maturity dates ranging from 2022 to 2027		2,309,167	2,886,408	
	\$	38,790,668	\$ 41,611,953	

# b. Debt retirement

Debt to be retired over the next five years:

	Recovered from Taxation	Recovered from Consolidated Entities
2022	\$ 2,288,498	\$ 747,230
2023	\$ 2,380,641	\$ 402,348
2024	\$ 2,476,628	\$ 411,300
2025	\$ 2,576,626	\$ 421,023
2026	\$ 2,017,205	\$ 430,966
2027 and thereafter	\$ 23,300,734	\$ 1,337,469

# 8. Long-term liabilities continued

# c. Approval

The long-term liabilities issued in the name of the City have been approved by by-law. The annual principal and interest payments required to service these liabilities are within the debt repayment limit prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs.

# d. Interest charges

The City paid interest on the long-term liabilities of \$1,372,568 (2020 - \$1,400,919).

# e. Contingent liability

The City shares contingent liability for long-term liabilities of OESTHU and EAPWSS. The proportionate amount outstanding as at December 31, 2021, there is \$3,750,336 (2020 - \$4,371,580).

# 9. Accumulated Surplus

The accumulated surplus on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at the end of the year is comprised of the following:

	2021	2020
Investment in tangible capital assets	\$ 406,659,977	\$380,975,015
Surplus:		
Investment in Entegrus Inc.	33,333,787	32,659,826
St. Thomas Downtown Development Board	86,873	68,118
Unfunded employee benefits	(16,739,454)	(14,924,987)
Unfunded investment in Entegrus Inc.	(6,604,403)	(7,247,436)
Total Surplus	10,076,803	10,555,521
Reserves	17,994,208	24,898,625
Reserve funds aside for specific purpose by legislation, regulation or agreement	23,998,334	17,838,106
Total reserve and reserve funds	41,992,542	42,736,731
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 458,729,322	\$ 434,267,267

# 10. Investment in Ascent Group Inc.

The City formerly owned 100% of Ascent Group Inc. which in turn owned 100% of St. Thomas Energy Inc. On April 1, 2018, the City as the sole shareholder of Ascent Group Inc. merged with St. Thomas Energy Inc., who then was acquired by and merged with Entegrus Inc. to create a new regional utility (note 11). The City received 679 common shares with a value of \$33,250,579 of Entegrus Inc.

# 11. Investment in Entegrus Inc.

As at December 31, 2021, the City owns 20.57% of Entegrus Inc., a government business enterprise of the City that is primarily engaged in electricity distribution for its residential, commercial and industrial customers. The investment is accounted for on a Modified Equity basis in these consolidated financial statements. The following information has been extracted from their audited financial statements which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards:

	2021	2020
Statement of Financial Position		
Assets Liabilities	\$ 234,373,639 136,223,103	\$ 226,568,649 131,694,408
Net Assets	\$ 98,150,536	\$ 94,874,241
Statement of Operations		
Revenue Expenditures	\$ 184,256,560 175,180,265	\$ 196,501,820 192,443,126
Net Income	\$ 9,076,295	\$ 4,058,694

Entegrus Inc. declared and paid a dividend of \$5,800,000 (2020 - \$5,800,000) of which the City's share was \$1,193,033 (2020 - \$1,193,033). The investment in Entegrus Inc., after the dividend distribution, increased (decreased) \$673,961 (2020 - \$(358,160)). The City has an unfunded internal debt of \$6,604,403 (2020 - \$7,247,436) to finance the share purchase of Entegrus Inc. Any dividend income received from Entegrus Inc. in excess of \$550,000 is applied to this unfunded internal debt.

During the year, the City purchased energy at commercial rates of \$1,917,249 (2020 - \$1,872,759) and billing and collection services of \$337,808 (2020 - \$330,860) from Entegrus Inc. These services were in the normal course of operations of the City.

#### 12. Commitments

The City has committed \$3,500,000 to the St. Thomas Elgin General Hospital payable over a ten year period. As of December 31, 2021, \$3,150,000 has been paid against this commitment. The balance is payable in annual installments of \$350,000 until 2022.

The City has committed land and funding of \$3,700,000 towards the construction of an Affordable Housing project that will be built over the next two years. The Province will fund \$3,000,000 of this \$3,700,000 monetary commitment.

In addition, the City has committed \$4,000,000 to build a day care centre that will be commenced in the year ended December 31, 2022. The City has received \$2,600,000 from the Province of Ontario towards this centre, which has been included in deferred revenue as at December 31, 2021.

# 13. Public sector salary disclosure

In 2021, there are one hundred and thirty one employees paid a salary, as defined in the Public Sector Disclosure Act, 1996 of \$100,000 or more by the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas.

# 14. Liability for contaminated sites

The City has reviewed their land inventory in accordance with PSAB 3260 for possible contamination. The City may be exposed to litigation or other costs of remediation due to contaminated properties in its jurisdiction. A liability for remediation is recognized in the financial statements when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the standard, the government is responsible for the remediation and a reasonable estimate of the liability can be made. As at December 31, 2021, the City has not recognized a liability for contaminated sites as the City does not expect that future economic benefits will be given up for remediation of any properties.

# 15. Segmented Information

Segmented information is presented on Schedule 2. The City is a diversified municipality and provides a wide range of services to its citizens including protection, which includes police, fire and protective services, transportation including roads, airport, public transit and parking, environmental, which includes water, wastewater and waste, health, social services, social housing and community services, including parks, recreation, library and cultural, and planning, including economic development. The general government segment includes such functions as finance, information services, council and administrative offices.

#### 16. Social housing debt obligations

The Province of Ontario transferred ownership of housing units to the City on January 1, 2001 and the related debentures outstanding on these units. The debt obligation for these debentures remains with the Province and the repayments are funded by the Province. As at December 31, 2021, \$1,162,469 was outstanding and is not reflected in these financial statements. The City received Provincial funding of \$326,370 towards the repayment of these debentures.

# 17. Contingent liabilities

As at December 31, 2021, there are certain legal actions pending against the City. The final outcome of the outstanding claims cannot be determined at this time. However, management believes that ultimate disposition of these matters will not materially exceed the amounts recorded in these consolidated financial statements.

Estimated costs to settle claims are based on available information and projections of estimated future expenses developed based on the City's historical experience. Claims are reported as an operating expense in the year of the loss, where the costs are deemed to be likely and can be reasonably determined. Claim provisions are reported as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position.

# 18. Comparative balances

Certain of the comparative balances have been reclassified to conform with the current year's financial statement presentation.

#### 19. Significant event

In March 2020, the Province of Ontario declared a state of emergency in response to the COVID-19 virus. The City has followed the Provincial orders regarding essential services and as a result, has closed some of its services as required under these orders in 2021 and 2020. It is unclear the total financial impact the COVID-19 virus will have on the City. Council and staff continue to monitor the situation.

# 20. Subsequent event

Subsequent to December 31, 2021, the City purchased a significant parcel of land. It is anticipated this land will be developed and sold in the future years. The financial impact of this project can not be determined as of the date of these financial statements.

# CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS SCHEDULE 1 - CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery and Equipment	Infrastructure Roads	Infrastructure Environmental	2021 Total	2020 Total
COST								
Balance, beginning of year (note 18)	\$ 63,333,458	\$ 209,928,032	\$ 10,701,217	\$ 22,405,778	\$126,288,182	\$304,507,226	\$ 737,163,893	\$ 720,840,985
Add: Additions during the year	2,410,379	6,187,761	525,957	1,394,358	8,245,528	18,413,143	37,177,126	23,989,386
Less: Disposals during the year	(207,034)	(1,307,163)	(326,015)	(731,238)	(2,580,730)	(57,988)	(5,210,168)	(7,666,478)
Balance, end of year	65,536,803	214,808,630	10,901,159	23,068,898	131,952,980	322,862,381	769,130,851	737,163,893
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION								_
Balance, beginning of year (note 18)	22,678,583	118,995,676	6,087,929	9,119,105	63,734,534	97,666,825	318,282,652	302,449,504
Add: Amortization during the year	1,663,726	3,691,166	759,822	1,630,188	3,396,426	4,791,700	15,933,028	15,530,622
Less: Disposals during the year	(507,796)	(1,320,917)	(346,961)	(715,592)	(1,688,430)	(57,988)	(4,637,684)	302,526
Balance, end of year	23,834,513	121,365,925	6,500,790	10,033,701	65,442,530	102,400,537	329,577,996	318,282,652
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 41,702,290	\$ 93,442,705	\$ 4,400,369	\$ 13,035,197	\$ 66,510,450	\$ 220,461,844	\$ 439,552,855	\$418,881,241

# CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS SCHEDULE 2 - CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General Government	Protective Services		Environmental	Health	Social and Family Services	Social Housing	Recreation and Culture	Planning and Agriculture	
REVENUE										
Taxation	\$ 10,651,280	\$ 21,798,893	\$ 5,549,405	\$ 2,488,000	\$ 3,363,00	0 \$ 4,054,023	\$ 2,555,473	\$ 6,174,031	\$ 1,282,205	\$ 57,916,310
User fees	680,062	1,490,879	2,696,680	23,098,540	44,09	6 4,111,371	-	1,007,075	228,808	33,357,511
Government grants	8,914,720	1,483,909	5,757,148	98,412	5,643,27		11,727,361	66,724	550,538	65,302,467
Investment income	1,478,252	-	-	83,664	1,85	1 -	-	373	-	1,564,140
Penalty and interest on taxes	389,280	-	-	-			-	-	-	389,280
Other	10,066,161	5,229	1,116,566	4,866,387			-	916,795	44,400	17,015,538
	32,179,755	24,778,910	15,119,799	30,635,003	9,052,22	6 39,225,770	14,282,834	8,164,998	2,105,951	175,545,246
EXPENDITURES										
Salaries and benefits	7,484,177	24,092,556	3,086,471	4,305,687	3,402,28	8 14,037,985	569,974	4,731,403	1,416,688	63,127,229
Goods and services	2,157,149	3,140,919	5,831,509	12,055,321	5,858,71	1 24,276,654	13,566,124	3,048,484	715,495	70,650,366
Interest	-	403,079	-	72,094	47,61	3 546,165	-	303,617	-	1,372,568
Amortization	527,829	722,529	4,584,527	6,609,386	135,06	4 880,336	261,149	2,212,208	-	15,933,028
	10,169,155	28,359,083	13,502,507	23,042,488	9,443,67	6 39,741,140	14,397,247	10,295,712	2,132,183	151,083,191
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (EXPENDITURES										
OVER REVENUE)	\$ 22,010,600	\$ (3,580,173)	\$ 1,617,292	\$ 7,592,515	\$ (391,45	0) \$ (515,370)	\$ (114,413)	\$ (2,130,714)	\$ (26,232)	\$ 24,462,055